



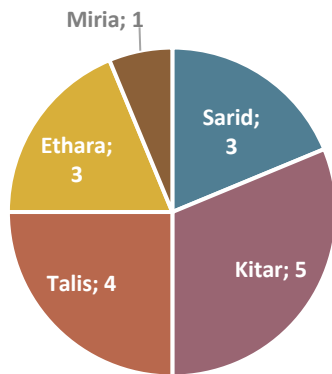
## COUNTRY INFORMATION

5 COUNTRIES : Sarid, Kitar, Talis, Ethara, Miria  
 1 MOUNTAIN RANGE: Tamlar range

### TERRITORY AND POPULATION

Country	Capital		Territory	% of territory in mountain region	Population	% of population in mountain region
<b>Sarid</b>	<b>Diras</b>	<b>Northwest</b>	3	60%	3	70%
<b>Kitar</b>	<b>Ratik</b>	<b>Southwest</b>	5	10%	15	10%
<b>Talis</b>	<b>Silat</b>	<b>Southeast</b>	4	35%	5	25%
<b>Ethara</b>	<b>Thara</b>	<b>Northeast</b>	3	30%	4	40%
<b>Miria</b>	<b>Airim</b>	<b>Center</b>	1	100%	1	100%

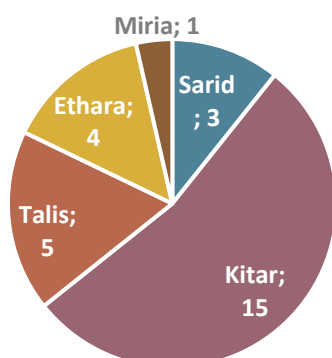
### TERRITORY



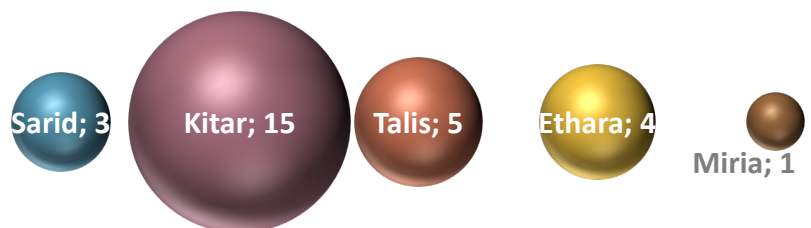
### COUNTRY SIZE



### POPULATION



### COUNTRY POPULATION



## ENERGY PROFILE

Country	Capital	Fossil	fossil imported	fossil domestic production	Solar	Hydro	Wind
		TOTAL					
Sarid	Diras	70	20	50	10	0	20
Kitar	Ratik	40	30	10	30	10	20
Talis	Silat	20	20	0	10	50	20
Ethara	Thara	60	60	0	10	20	10
Miria	Airim	10	10	0	0	90	0

## 6 MAIN RESOURCES

. **MONEY** : ramlats (rml)

. **KNOWLEDGE**:

- KNOWLEDGE CREATION: high education, research
- KNOWLEDGE APPLICATION: technology sector

. **WELL-BEING**:

- INDIVIDUAL WELL-BEING: health, education, happiness
- COLLECTIVE WELL-BEING: territorial cohesion, trust in government

. **AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION**:

- CROPS: crop, fruits, vegetables
- GRAPES: wine
- ANIMAL: meat and dairy

. **WATER**: quantity and quality

. **BIODIVERSITY**: quantity and quality

Resource endowments														
	SI	Money	Knowledge (education, research, technology sector)			Well-being (health, territorial cohesion, trust in government)			Agricultural production			Water (quantity, quality)	Biodiversity	
			TOTAL	Knowledge creation	Knowledge application	TOTAL	Individual	Collective	TOTAL	Crops	Grapes			Animal
Sarid	170	35	30	10	20	35	15	20	30	10	10	10	25	15
Kitar	280	100	25	10	15	30	20	10	60	25	25	10	45	20
Talis	185	40	30	20	10	25	15	10	45	20	0	25	30	15
Ethara	220	60	35	15	20	45	25	20	40	35	5	0	20	20
Miria	235	50	60	20	40	50	25	25	25	10	10	5	40	10