# Regional crops research institute COST 70 rml

#### **Description**

Interdisciplinary research facility that specializes in developing climate proof crop varieties and climate smart agricultural practices.

## **Prerequisites**

Two countries with a UNIVERSITY. No country below the floor for KNOWLEDGE CREATION and KNOWLEDGE APPLICATION.

#### Resource impact

- → Positive impact on KNOWLEDGE CREATION and APPLICATION
- ightarrow Positive impact on COLLECTIVE WELL-BEING
- → Positive impact on AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION (crop +++, grapes++, animal +)
- → Positive impact on WATER
- → Positive impact on BIODIVERSITY

# Mitigating/multiplying effect

Advantage during pest event.

#### **Baseline adjustment**

20% increase of CROP PRODUCTION for all countries participating in the Regional crops research institute.

# Regional renewable energy research center

COST 110 rml

#### **Description**

Center of innovation for the development, testing and deployment of established and new renewable energy with a focus on potentials in mountain regions. Supports research, training and education, and extension services.

# **Prerequisites**

Three countries with a UNIVERSITY. No country below the floor for KNOWLEDGE CREATION and KNOWLEDGE APPLICATION. Two countries with a RESERVOIR or a SOLAR FARM.

#### Resource impact

- → Positive impact on KNOWLEDGE CREATION and APPLICATION
- → Positive impact on INDIVIDUAL and COLLECTIVE WELL-BEING

# Mitigating/multiplying effect

Creates synergies with other renewable energy initiatives or events.

## **Baseline adjustment**

Each participating country receives an extra 10 ramlats. Each participating country can adjust its energy profile by transferring 20 percentage points from fossil to renewable sources.

# Regional early warning system COST 80 rml

**Description** 

Advanced system for hazard detection, monitoring and forecasting; risk analysis and incorporation of risk information in emergency planning and warnings; dissemination of timely and authoritative warnings; and community planning and preparedness.

## **Prerequisites**

Two countries with a NATIONAL FIBER NETWORK Two countries with a UNIVERSITY No country below the floor for KNOWLEDGE CREATION and KNOWLEDGE APPLICATION Minimum of 50 for regional COLLECTIVE WELL-BEING

#### Resource impact

- → Positive impact on KNOWLEDGE CREATION and APPLICATION
- → Positive impact on INDIVIDUAL and COLLECTIVE WELL-BEING
- → Positive impact on ANIMAL PRODUCTION
- $\rightarrow$  Positive impact on WATER

## Mitigating/multiplying effect

Significant potential to reduce impact of weather-related disasters that become more frequent with climate change.

# **Baseline adjustment**

Severe weather impact insurance premiums decline as a result of improved forecasting capabilities. Each participating country receives an extra 10 ramlats.

#### Regional railway system COST 90 rml

**Description** 

Powered by the region's renewable energy sources, new railway lines now connect all countries of the region, reducing pollution from road traffic, facilitating collaboration and exchange, and promoting trade.

# **Prerequisites**

Three countries with a RESERVOIR or a SOLAR FARM. Minimum of 60 for regional KNOWLEDGE APPLICATION. Minimum of 60 for regional COLLECTIVE WELL-BEING.

#### Resource impact

- $\rightarrow$  Positive impact on INDIVIDUAL and COLLECTIVE WELL-BEING
- → Positive impact on GRAPES PRODUCTION
- → Negative impact on BIODIVERSITY during construction

# Mitigating/multiplying effect

Can be an advantage for organizing regional events or transporting newly accessible resources.

#### **Baseline adjustment**

Each participating country receives an extra 5 ramlats for each of the following regional assets in which it participates: REGIONAL CROPS RESEARCH INSTITUTE, REGIONAL RENEWABLE ENERGY RESEARCH CENTER and REGIONAL PROTECTED AREA NETWORK.

## Regional protected area network COST 60 rml

#### **Description**

Connecting existing parks and reserves promotes ecological connectivity that supports biodiversity by allowing wildlife to move freely to access food, water, shelter, and breeding habitat.

# **Prerequisites**

Three countries with a NATIONAL PARK No more than 50 for regional ANIMAL PRODUCTION

#### Resource impact

- → Positive impact on KNOWLEDGE CREATION
- → Positive impact on INDIVIDUAL WELL-BEING
- $\rightarrow$  Positive impact on WATER
- → Big positive impact on BIODIVERSITY
- → Negative impact on COLLECTIVE WELL-BEING (because of resource use constraints)
- → Negative impact on AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION (CROPS and ANIMAL)

# Mitigating/multiplying effect

Creates synergies with other nature conservation initiatives and helps reduce negative consequences of certain natural disasters.

# Baseline adjustment

Each participating country that has a NATIONAL PARK receives an extra 5 ramlats.